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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/646,944	08/21/2003	Jerry M. Brownstein	BROW0005	2977
7590 08/29/2006			EXAMINER	
LAW OFFICES OF RONALD M. ANDERSON			COLE, ELIZABETH M	
Suite 507 600-108th Avenue N.E.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Bellevue, WA 98004			1771	,
			DATE MAILED: 08/29/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summan	10/646,944	BROWNSTEIN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Elizabeth M. Cole	1771			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ARANDONE	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication.			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
	-· action is non-final.				
·					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims	,				
· _					
 4) Claim(s) 57-60 and 62-71 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>57-60,62-71</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement				
,,	cicolon requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign part a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Pate 6) Other:				

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1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claim 71 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 63221187. JP '187 discloses a method of adsorbing oil comprising the steps of providing delustered polymeric fibers and using the fibers to absorbent oil from sea water.
- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 57, 60-61, 64-70, 71 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mendes, U.S. Patent No. 5,779,392 in view of JP 63221187 and O'Donnell et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,308,497. Mendes discloses a porous containment means having a plurality of hydrophobic, oleophilic organic fibers disposed therein to absorb and contain oil spills. See col. 3, lines 45-50. Mendes differs from the claimed invention because Mendes does not disclose employing delustered fibers and does not disclose that the fibers should be formed by shredding waste. JP '187 teaches that titanium dioxide which is a conventionally used delustrant can be incorporated into organic fibers which are to be used to absorb oil JP '187 teaches that titanium dioxide is an active filler and that it enhances the ability of the fibers to absorb oil. See abstract. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

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invention was made to have employed fibers which incorporated titanium dioxide as the oleophilic fibers in Mendes, motivated by the teaching of JP '187 that the use of the titanium dioxide will increase the ability of the fibers to absorb oil. With regard to the step of shredding waste materials, O'Donnell teaches shredding waste fibrous material in order form a fibrous material from the waste materials which can be used as an oil adsorbent. See col. 3, line 64-col. 4, line 15. O'Donnell teaches that shoddy is a suitable source for this waste material. See col. 2. lines 23-35. Therefore, it would have been obvious to have employed shredded waste materials in order to form the adsorbent materials of Mendes. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ waste material such as shoddy by the teaching of O'Donnell that such materials are suitable for use for this purpose. With regard to the length of the fibers, O'Donnell teaches controlling the length of the fibers by how much shredding or grinding the fibers are subjected to. See col. 3, line 64-line 15. With regard to the relative proportion of synthetic and natural fibers, O'Donnell teaches employing 80 wt% shoddy. See examples. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have employed a majority of shoddy to make up the adsorbent material of Mendes, as taught by O'Donnell, motivated by the expectation that such material would be inexpensive and readily available.

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5. Claims 58-59, 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mendes. U.S. Patent No. 5,779,392 in view of JP 63221187 and O'Donnell applied to claims above, and

further in view of Mesek et al, U.S. Patent No. 4045833. Mendes does not teach the use of both long and short fibers.

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With regard to the use of long and short fibers, Mesek et al teaches at col. 1, lines 52-68, that employing both long and short fibers in a nonwoven fabric enhances the strength, structural stability and integrity of the fabric. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have employed long and short fibers in the fibrous mass of Mendes. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ long and short fibers in order to enhance the strength and integrity of the nonwoven. It would have been obvious to have optimized the particular lengths and proportions of the fibers in order to obtain a nonwoven having the desired combination of strength and absorbency.

- 6. Applicant's arguments filed 6/2806have been fully considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection. O'Donnell teaches employing waste fibers including both synthetic and natural fibers and teaches employing shoddy as the source for the waste fibers.
- 7. The Declaration under 37 CFR 1.132 filed 6/38/06 is sufficient to overcome the rejection of claims based upon Mendes in view of DE '899 as set forth in the last Office action however. a new grounds of rejection employing the O'Donnell reference is set forth above. O'Donnell teaches employing waste fibers from shoddy to make oil adsorbent materials.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elizabeth M. Cole whose telephone number is (571) 272-1475. The examiner may be reached between 6:30 AM and 6:00 PM Monday through Wednesday, and 6:30 AM and 2 PM on Thursday.

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Mr. Terrel Morris, the examiner's supervisor, may be reached at (571) 272-1478.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

The fax number for all official faxes is (571) 273-8300.

Elizabeth M. Cole

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1771

e.m.c